



Benefits

Improves overall orchard health under high heat stress

Reduces culls caused by sun damage

Improves overall pack out

Improves fruit color

Enhances water use efficiency

Features

Reduces damage caused by UV and IR radiation

Easy-to-use, nonabrasive liquid formulation

Lowers plant surface temperatures, therefore reduces plant stress and promotes biomass development

Promotes efficient photosynthesis and does not block stomata

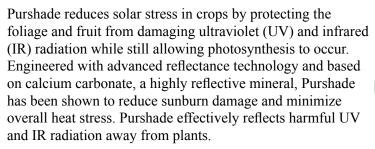
Tank mixes easily, covers evenly, and can be applied with standard sprayer equipment

Washes off during standard postharvest processing



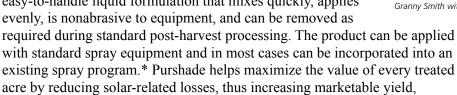
Reducing Solar Stress on Apples

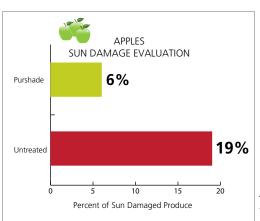
Sunlight, while essential for the health of apple orchards, can sometimes provide too much of a good thing. Excessive sunlight can burn or discolor fruit, and high temperatures can stress trees, reducing their overall productivity. The losses from sun damage and heat stress can add up quickly and cut deep into a grower's profit. Fruit temperatures of 114° to 120° F can cause sunburn damage. Applications of Purshade® can lower apple skin temperatures by 10° F or more and tree surface temperatures by 5° to 10° F. In addition, the Purshade protective film on plant surfaces increases the deflection of light within the canopy, which improves fruit color.



Designed with the grower in mind, Purshade comes in an easy-to-handle liquid formulation that mixes quickly, applies evenly, is nonabrasive to equipment, and can be removed as

enhancing crop quality, and improving water use efficiency.





Granny Smith apples, Patterson, CA Application dates: 6/4, 7/2, 8/2/2010 @ 101 GPA Sunburn damaged rated on 8/26/2010



Sunburned apple



Granny Smith with sunburn blush

The compatibility of Purshade with all potential tank mix partners is not knowable. Conduct a jar test first to determine compatibility and consult the product labels of the tank mix partners.

Apple

How Does Purshade Work?

Purshade plant protectant is available in a flowable suspension concentrate that is mixed with water and then sprayed directly on plant surfaces. Once dry, Purshade forms an even film of millions of microscopic "prisms" or mirrors that reflect harmful ultraviolet radiation



(UV) and infrared radiation (IR) while not blocking leaf stomata, therefore not impeding photosynthesis. The reflective properties of Purshade protect fruit from direct sunburn damage and help prevent heat stress in the entire crop canopy. Keeping plants cooler, while ambient temperatures are extreme, reduces stress and enables the crop to maintain its normal photosynthetic rate longer. When Purshade is used during periods of high light and temperature extremes, crops have the solar protection needed to better reach their full potential and use available water resources more efficiently.

Application Guidelines and Rates

Purshade's liquid formula is designed to mix easily in the tank. The product can be mixed with crop protection products (jar test recommended) and can be applied with typical ground or aerial sprayers using standard nozzles. Standard post-harvest cleaning and washing processes are generally sufficient to remove the Purshade product from the surfaces of the fruit.

APPLICATION GUIDELINES FOR APPLES		
Use	Gallons/Acre	Instructions
The first application of Purshade should occur prior to fruit size reaching 3/4–1 inch in diameter, or prior to extreme solar conditions.	3	Apply <u>before</u> extreme heat conditions occur.
Apply Purshade 2–3 additional times throughout the season, treating the trees approximately every 14–21 days.	2	Apply as needed based on growth and weather conditions.

Important: Always read and follow label instructions when using this product.

Use Tips

- Use the amount of water volume per acre needed to achieve uniform spray deposition. Avoid runoff.
- Use fine nozzles and the appropriate tractor speed and pressure to achieve very fine droplets that will not coalesce into larger droplets.
- Apply each application in the opposite direction of the previous application.
- Purshade is physically compatible with most crop protection products.

 Sample of ideal coverage
 If compatibility is unknown, perform a jar test before mixing. It is
 not possible to test every product or combination of products used with Purshade. If the
 effectiveness of a tank mixture is in doubt, apply the materials separately. Do not tank mix
 with products requiring a neutral or acidic pH, as the alkaline pH of Purshade might speed
 degradation of the other products.
- Purshade may be applied in a band spray. Use the recommended rate per acre of Purshade
 in a quantity of water per acre to achieve complete coverage. Adjust the band width and the
 volume of water based on plant size to achieve uniform coverage.
- Crops that are to be marketed fresh but have a white film of Purshade remaining at harvest
 may be washed. Purshade is normally removed with common washing techniques. If the
 crop is field packed and will not be washed, sprays should be reduced or discontinued in
 ample time before harvest to allow normal attrition of the film from wind, rain, and plant
 growth. Consult local experts for more information. Note: When Purshade applications are
 discontinued, the crop will begin to lose its protective coating and sunburn protection
 will be lost.



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